

THE ICT EMPLOYEES, SOCIAL SECURITY
(TIME LIMIT FOR CLAIMING BENEFITS)
RULES, 2016

Islamabad, the 3rd March, 2016

S.R.O. 121(KE)/2016 :

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 79 of the Provincial Employees' Social Security Ordinance, 1965 (West Pakistan Ordinance No. x of 1965), the Chief Commissioner, ICT in the capacity of Head of Provincial Government is pleased to make the following rules :-

1. **Short title and commencement.**- (1) These rules may be called the ICT Employees' Social Security (Time Limit for Claiming Benefits) Rules, 2016.

(2) They shall come into force at once.
2. **Definition.**- In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the meanings thereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say -
 - (i) "authorized medical practitioner" means a medical practitioner authorized by the Institution, in the manner specified in the Regulations to give a certificate of incapacity, or of the expected date of confinement, as the case may be;
 - (ii) "Ordinance" means the Provincial Employees' Social Security Ordinance, 1965.
3. **Time Limits.**- The time within which claims for benefits payable in cash under sections 35, 36, 37, 38 and 42 shall be made as follows :-
 - (a) **Sickness benefit.**—Within fifteen days of the date of the first certificate of incapacity given by an authorized medical practitioner;
 - (b) **Maternity benefit.**—Within fifteen days of the date of the certificate of the expected date of confinement required under section 36 of the Ordinance;
 - (c) **Death grant.**—Within forty days of the date of death of the secured person.
 - (d) **Injury benefit.**—Within seven days of the date of the first certificate of in capacity given by an authorized medical practitioner;

(e) ***Survivor pension.***—Within forty days of death of the secured person.

*Provided that the Institution may, if it is satisfied that there were reasonable grounds for not submitting the claim in time, accept such claim within the period of three months from the date of expiry of the period within which the said claim was due to be submitted.

4. A claim for medical care under section 38 of the Ordinance may be made at any time during which in the opinion of the medical practitioner examining the claimant such medical care is required.

[No. F.1/3/2013-IESSI].